



MAY 30, 2018













Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements (as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1933, as amended, and in the Section 21E of the Securities Act of 1934, as amended) concerning future events, the Company's growth strategy and measures to implement such strategy, including expected vessel acquisitions and entering into further time charters. Words such as "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "anticipates," "hopes," "estimates" and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. These statements involve known and unknown risks and are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates that are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Company. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not limited to, changes in the demand for drybulk vessels, competitive factors in the market in which the Company operates, risks associated with operations outside the United States and other factors listed from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company expressly disclaims any obligations or undertaking to release any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect any change in the Company's expectations with respect thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any statement is based.

Management Team

Polys Hajioannou: Chairman and CEO

Dr. Loukas Barmparis: President

Konstantinos Adamopoulos: Chief Financial Officer

Ioannis Foteinos: Chief Operating Officer

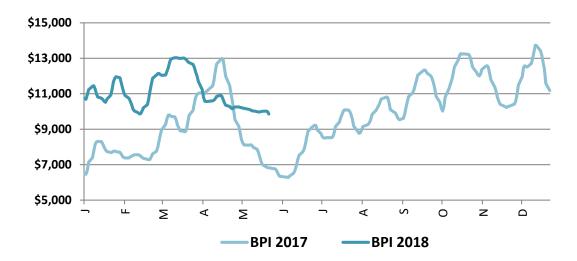
Demand – Recovering Market

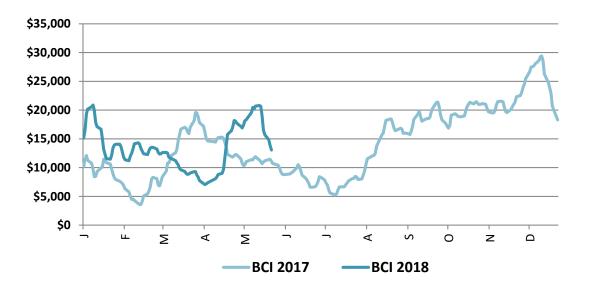
Panamax:

- Panamax AVG4TC:
 - Spot:
 - **2018:** \$9.9k
 - **2017:** \$6.8k
 - Year to Date (YTD):
 - **2018:** \$11.1k
 - **2017**: \$8.8k

Cape:

- Cape AVG5TC:
 - Spot:
 - **2018:** \$13.1k
 - **2017:** \$12.5k
 - Year to Date (YTD):
 - **2018:** \$13.5k
 - **2017:** \$12.1k





Panamax – Post-Panamax:

• Panamax:

• Fleet: 1051 Vessels

• Orderbook: 3 Vessels

• Kamsarmax:

• Fleet: 947 Vessels

• Orderbook: 206

Post-Panamax:

• Fleet: 539 Vessels

• Orderbook: 37
Vessels

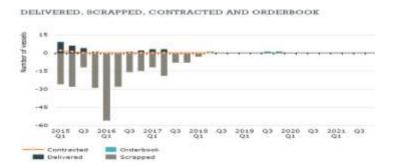
- Total Fleet: 2537 Vessels
- Total Orderbook: 246 Vessels (9,7% of Total Fleet)
- Age over 15 years: 468
 Vessels (18% of Total Fleet)
- Deliveries: Evenly spread until 2020
- New Regulations may increase scrapping

Supply – Balanced Orderbook

Panamax

FLEET PROFILE - PANAMAX (FLEET: 1,051 VESSELS; ORDERBOOK: 3 VESSELS)

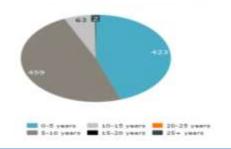


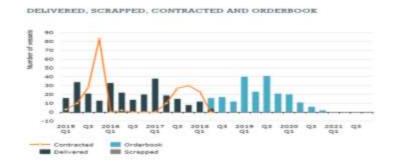


Kamsarmax

FLEET PROFILE - KAMSARMAX (FLEET: 947 VESSELS; ORDERBOOK: 206 VESSELS)

AGE PROFILE (NUMBER OF VESSELS)



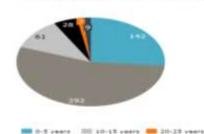


Post-Panamax

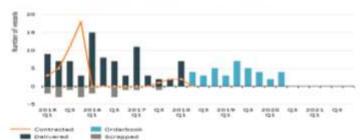
FLEET PROFILE - POST-PANAMAX (FLEET: 539 VESSELS; ORDERBOOK: 37 VESSELS)

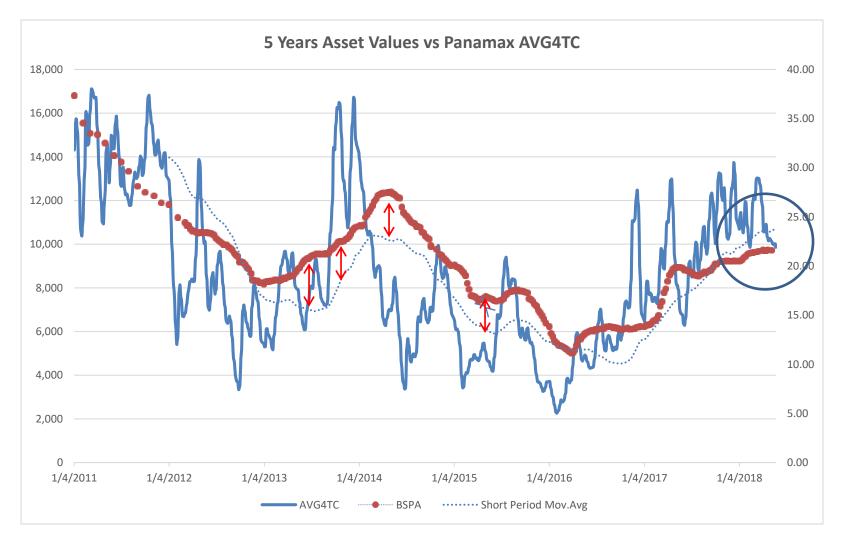
AGE PROFILE (NUMBER OF VESSELS)

ME S-10 years - 18-20 years - 25- years



DELIVERED, SCRAPPED, CONTRACTED AND ORDERBOOK





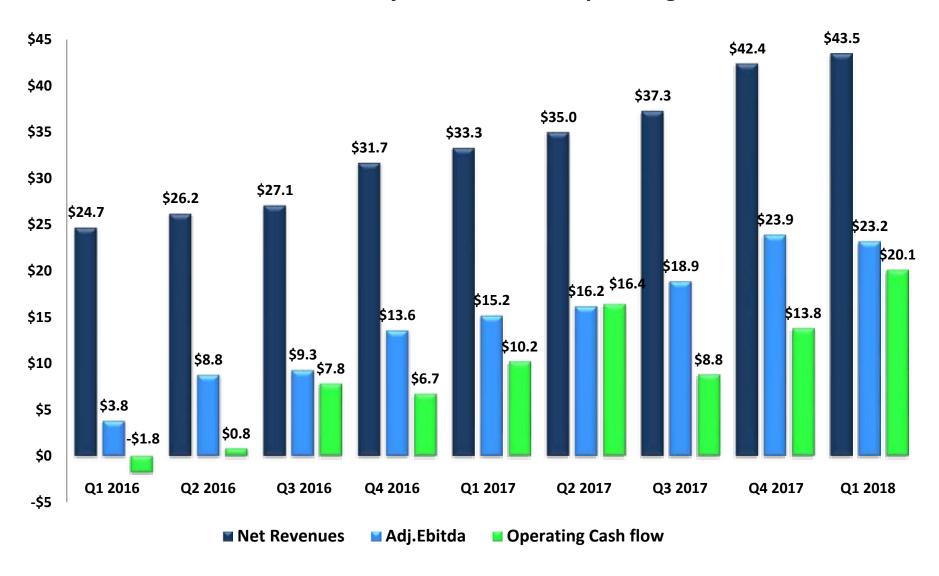
- Blue solid line denotes Panamax AVG4TC index in US\$ and reflects market conditions as per Baltic Exchange.
- The dotted blue line denotes the 8 month Short Period Moving Average of the Panamax AVG4TC index in US\$.
- The red line denotes the Baltic Exchange Sale & Purchase Assessment Index in US\$ million and reflects the 5-year secondhand asset prices.
- Asset values are correlated with charter market.
- Pattern of constant differential between BSPA and AVG4TC during the past periods.
- Restoration of this pattern is expected to push gradually asset values higher.

Key takeaways

- Charter market especially for Panamax is constantly better than 2017.
- Trade war fears had been a headwind for the market in Q1 '18.
- Recent news of putting tariffs on hold is expecting to restore trade flow.
- Increased newbuilding activity of Q4' 17 has now come to an end.
- Single digit order-book is evenly spread until 2020.
- Sustainability in the charter market is expected to gradually push asset values higher.
- Future additional new-building orders remain a risk.
- New regulations in relation to shipping are expected to slow down the entire fleet and push scrapping higher.

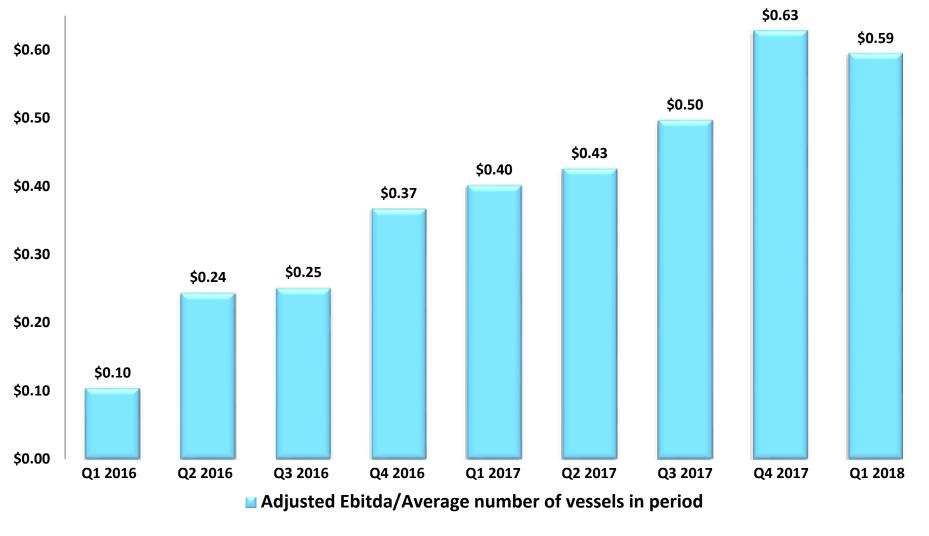
Prospects for global growth remain overall positive

Net revenues - Adjusted EBITDA - Operating cash flow



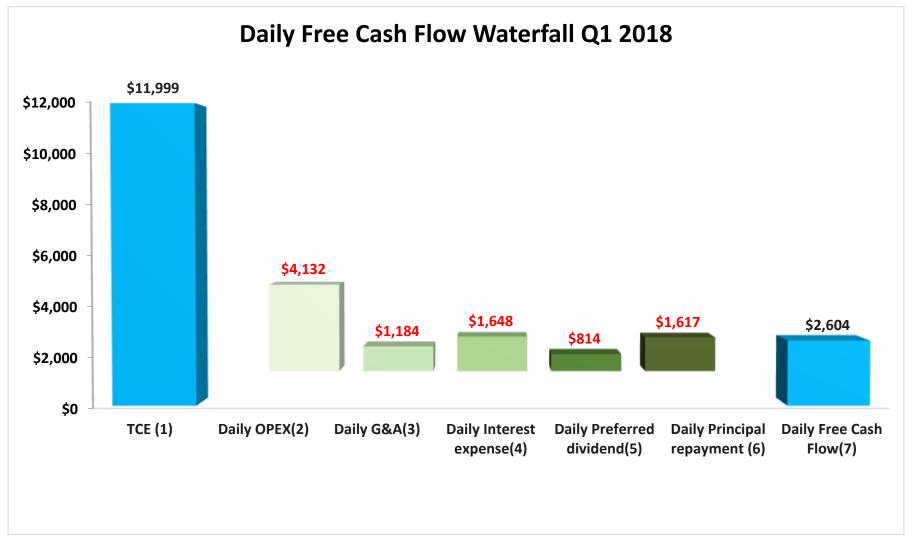
Data as of quarter-end in million. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP measures. EBITDA represents Net income/(loss) before interest, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA before loss on sale of assets, gain/(loss) on derivatives, gain on debt extinguishment, other operating income/(expense), early redelivery cost, impairment loss and gain/(loss) on foreign currency. For further analysis and reconciliation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA please refer to See Table 1 of Safe Bulkers Inc., Earnings press release issued May 29, 2018.

ADJUSTED EBITDA PER VESSEL PER QUARTER



In million

Average number of vessels in the period is calculated by dividing ownership days in the period by the number of days in that period. EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP measures. EBITDA represents Net income/(loss) before interest, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA represents EBITDA before loss on sale of assets, gain/(loss) on derivatives, gain on debt extinguishment, other operating income/(expense), early redelivery cost, impairment loss and gain/(loss) on foreign currency. For further analysis and reconciliation of EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA please refer to See Table 1 of Safe Bulkers Inc. Earnings press release issued May 29, 2018.



⁽¹⁾ Time charter equivalent rate, or TCE rate, represents charter revenues less commissions and voyage expenses during a period divided by the number of available days during such period.

⁽²⁾ Daily vessel operating expenses include the costs for crewing, insurance, lubricants, spare parts, provisions, stores, repairs, maintenance, statutory and classification expense, dry-docking, intermediate and special surveys and other miscellaneous items. Daily vessel operating expenses are calculated by dividing vessel operating expenses for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.

⁽³⁾ Daily general and administrative expenses include daily management fees and daily costs in relation to operation as a public company. Daily general and administrative expenses are calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.

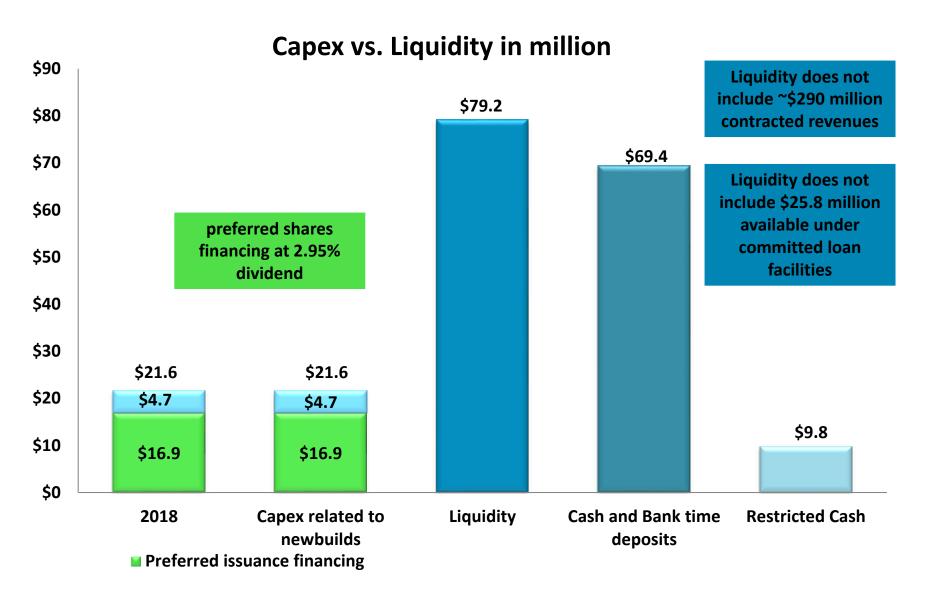
⁽⁴⁾ Daily interest expense includes daily interest incurred on outstanding indebtedness under our existing loan and credit facilities. Daily interest expense is calculated by dividing interest expense for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.

⁽⁵⁾ Daily preferred dividend includes daily preferred stock dividend. Daily preferred dividend is calculated by dividing preferred dividend for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.

⁽⁶⁾ Daily Principal repayment includes daily principal repayment expense excluding the refinancing of loan and credit facilities. Daily principal repayment expense is calculated by dividing principal repayments for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.

⁽⁷⁾ Daily Free Cash Flow represents TCE rate less Daily vessel operating expenses, daily general and administrative expenses, daily interest expense, daily preferred dividend and daily principal repayment.

Investing Cash Flows



Improving Capital structure

Q1, 2018: Redemption of Series B preferred shares of ~\$9.5 million, on February 20, 2018

Q3 2017: Refinanced transactions with cash on hand and new debt at low 200 bps margin and written off ~ \$8.3 million of debt further lowering break even point

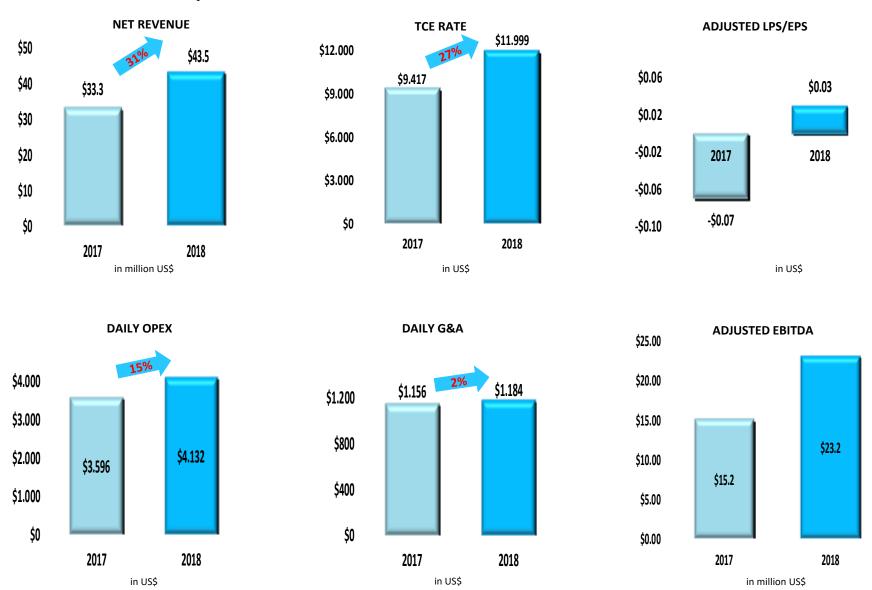
Q3, 2017: Bought back 2 vessels, under sale and lease back, reducing debt by ~ \$44.0 million and related charter outflow of ~ \$4.7 million on annual basis

Q2, 2017: Reduced o/s preferred by ~ \$30.0 million and the related dividend outflow on annual basis of ~ \$2.4 million

Unlike peers
SB has never done reverse split

Q4, 2017: Opportunistically acquired 1 second hand Post-Panamax vessel, sister with our 2 other Korean vessels

QUARTERLY FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS IN A SHOT



FLEET DATA AND AVERAGE INDICATORS

Three-Months
Period Ended
March 31.

iviai	CIT 5 ±,
2017	2018
38	39
6.75	7.76
3,404	3,510
3,385	3,500
3,333	3,424
97.9%	97.5%
37.82	39.00
\$9,417	\$11,999
\$3,596	\$4,132
\$1,156	\$1,184
\$(0.07)	\$0.03
\$(0.07)	\$0.03
	2017 38 6.75 3,404 3,385 3,333 97.9% 37.82 \$9,417 \$3,596 \$1,156 \$(0.07)

- 1. Ownership days represents the aggregate number of days in a period during which each vessel in our fleet has been owned by us.
- 2. Available days represents the total number of days in a period during which each vessel in our fleet was in our possession, net of off-hire days associated with scheduled maintenance, which includes major repairs, drydockings, vessel upgrades or special or intermediate surveys.
- 3. Operating days represents the number of our available days in a period less the aggregate number of days that our vessels are off-hire due to any reason, excluding scheduled maintenance.
- 4. Fleet utilization is calculated by dividing the number of our operating days during a period by the number of our ownership days during that period.
- 5. Average number of vessels in the period is calculated by dividing ownership days in the period by the number of days in that period.
- 6. Time charter equivalent rate, or TCE rate, represents our charter revenues less commissions and voyage expenses during a period divided by the number of available days during such period.
- 7. Daily vessel operating expenses include the costs for crewing, insurance, lubricants, spare parts, provisions, stores, repairs, maintenance, statutory and classification expense, drydocking, intermediate and special surveys and other miscellaneous items. Daily vessel operating expenses are calculated by dividing vessel operating expenses for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.
- 8. Daily general and administrative expenses include daily management fees payable to our Manager and costs in relation to our operation as a public company. Daily general and administrative expenses are calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.
- 9. Adjusted Net income/(loss) represents Net income/(loss) before loss on sale of assets, gain/(loss) on derivatives and gain/(loss) on foreign currency. Adjusted Earnings/(loss) per share represents Adjusted Net income/(loss) less preferred dividend and preferred deemed dividend divided by the weighted average number of shares.

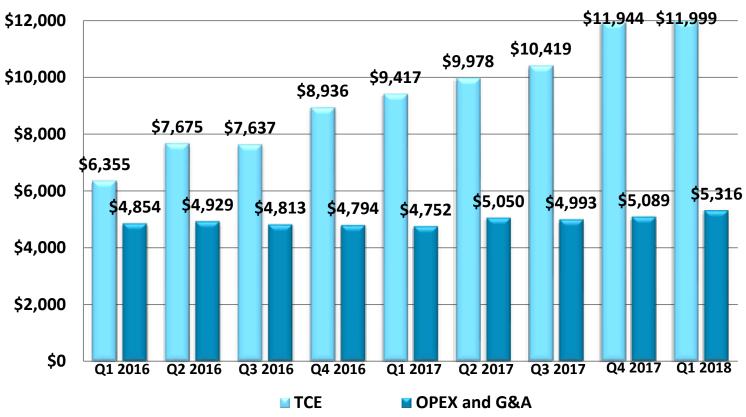
Adjusted Net income/(loss) and Adjusted Earnings/(loss) per share are used as supplemental financial measures by management and external users of financial statements, such as investors, to assess our financial measures assist our management and investors by increasing the comparability of our performance from period to period. The Company believes that including these supplemental financial measures assists our management and investors in (i) understanding and analyzing the results of our operating and business performance, (ii) selecting between investing in us and other investment alternatives and (iii) monitoring our financial and operational performance in assessing whether to continue investing in us. The Company believes that Adjusted Net income/(loss) and Adjusted Earnings/(loss) per share are useful in evaluating the Company's operating performance from period to p

Operational Cash Flows

~\$870 average daily savings in Q1 2018 from daily Opex and daily G&A or ~\$12.3 million annualized savings vs. peers or ~\$0.12 per share

- Daily OPEX include Dry-Docking costs and initial supplies
- Daily G&A include public company expenses & management fees

Daily TCE vs. daily OPEX and G&A expenses



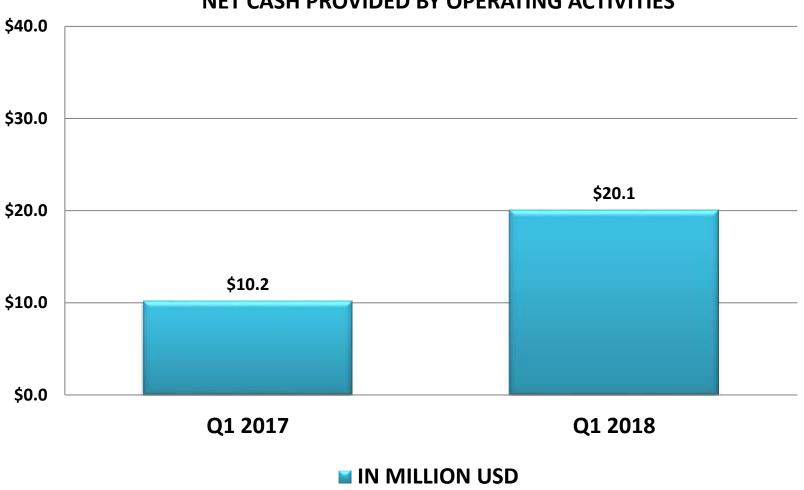
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^{**} Daily vessel operating expenses include the costs for crewing, insurance, lubricants, spare parts, provisions, stores, repairs, maintenance, statutory and classification expense, dry-docking, intermediate and special surveys and other miscellaneous items. Daily vessel operating expenses are calculated by dividing vessel operating expenses for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.

^{***} Daily general and administrative expenses include daily management fees and daily costs in relation to operation as a public company. Daily general and administrative expenses are calculated by dividing general and administrative expenses for the relevant period by ownership days for such period.

Operational Cash Flows

NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES







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